	MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH JUN 17 AM 8: 29 BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY 2013 JUN 17 AM 8: 29 CCR CERTIFICATION FORM
	CCR CERTIFICATION FORM CALENDAR YEAR 2012 CALENDAR YEAR 2012 Public Water Supply Name
	Public Water Supply Name
	List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR
The	
Cons syste custo of ele checi	Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a sumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water cm, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the omers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year ectronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please k all boxes that apply.
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water hills (attach copy of hill)
	On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other
	Date(s) customers were informed: $00/01/20(3)$ / / / / /
	CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
	Date Mailed/Distributed: / /
	CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As tout within the body of the email message
/	As text within the body of the email message CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
VI	Name of Newspaper: (Anach copy of published CCK of proof of publication)
	Date Published: $00/01/2013$
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /
V	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>):
	eagle lake wd. com
her ubli he S	TIFICATION eby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this ic water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State artment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
∠ Vam	re/ljitle (President, Mayof, Owner, etc.) 5/3/3 Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: Melanie, Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY Eagle Lake Water District

PWS#: 0750003 May 2013

2013 JUN 17 AM 8: 29

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Mississippi River Alluvial Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Eagle Lake Water District have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Will Hubert at 601-279-4922. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of each month at 6:30 PM at the Eagle Lake Fire Department.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2012, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming, pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

	······································			TEST RES	SULTS	•		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2010*	2	No Range	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2010*	.065	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

13. Chromium	N	2010*	.5	No Range	ppb		100	100 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio	n By-	Produc	ets					
81. HAA5	N	2012	36	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2012	49.9	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2012	1	.9 - 1	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Eagle Lake Water District will continue to upgrade and maintain our plant facilities, and develop efficient plans of operation for its plant. We will continue to control cost and reduce debt. In addition, we will continue to be committed to the beautification of our plant to reflect our pride in our community.

2013 JUN 17 AM 8: 29

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Inorganic (Contan	inants							
B. Arsenic	N	20101	2	No Range	орь	Ī	N/a	,	 Erosion of natural deposits: runo from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste
10. Bacium	N	2010*	.065	No Range	ррm		2	•	Discharge of drilling waetes; discharge from metal refineries; erealon of natural deposits.
13. Chromium	N	2010*	1.6	No Renge	ppb	T.	100	fi	Olsoharge from steal and pulp mile; erosion of natural deposite
Disinfection	n By-P	roducts							
81. HAA6	н	2012	36 1	io Range	bbp	0		60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82, TTHM (Total Iritalometheses)	N	2012			ppb	0	·	80	By-product of dinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	Ŋ	2012	1 .1	9.1	uðų	0	MDR		Water additive used to control microbes

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The Eagle Lake Water District will continue to upgrade and maintain our plant facilities, and develop efficient plans of operation for its plant. We will continue to control cost and reduce debt. In addition, we will continue to be committed to the beautification of our plant to reflect our pride to any community.

Service From 2/16/2013 TO 3/18/2013 SERVICE www.eaglelakewd.com Post on Sunday, June 9, 2013. Also on the Website @ the 2012 ELWD Consumer Confidence Report will be published in the Vicksburg EAGLE LAKE WATER DISTRICT P.O. BOX 820037 VICKSBURG, MS 39182 (601) 638-0186 PRESENT SSTO METER READING PREVIOUS ACCOUNT 617 AFTER DUE DATE RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED USED CHARGES AMOUNT 5/30/13 ®N∃#AMOUNEROXB=89ADXX Vicksburg MS 39183-7595 18282 Hwy 465 MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT 617 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
. U.S. POSTAGE PAID VICKSBURG MS PERMIT NO. 138 GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID 6/15/13 PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER THIS DATE

2013 JUN 17 AM 8: 29

PACLE LAKE WATER DISTRICT

PO SCH 820037

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RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID VICKSBURG MS PERMIT NO. 138

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CUSTOMER
ROUTE ACCOUNT
4 967

FINET AMOUNT TO BE PAID
33.60

PAY GROSS AMOUNT
AFTER THIS DATE
6/15/13
GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID
33.60

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

Service From 4/24/2013 TO 5/26/2013

ACCOUNT 967

5/30/13

1905 Cherry Street VICKSBURG MS 39180

METER READ CLASS	TOTAL DUE	LATE CHARGE	PAST OUE
	UPON RECEIPT	AFTER DUE DATE	AMOUNT
5 26 1	33.60	0.00	33.60

The 2012 ELWD Consumer Confidence Report will be published in the Vicksburg Post on Sunday, June 9, 2013. Also on the Website @ www.eaglelakewd.com

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RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2013 JUN 17 AM 8: 30

Eagle Lake Water District

P. O. Box 820037 Vicksburg , MS 39182 * FAX 601-634-0432 E-Mail sarahf@boolosaccounting.com * 601-638-0186

Tim Carpenter, President

Eagle Lake Water District

Providing good, clean, safe drinking water for the community of Eagle Lake.

The Eagle Lake Water District is a non-profit organization. The seal reads, "Non-stock organization." Reasonable access of water is supplied to our community on the basis of a membership and service fees.

<u>Home</u>

Payment Options

Service Fees

Member Application

2012 Consumer Confidence Report

Frequently Asked Questions

For general information, contact Sarah Farrell at Boolos Accounting, 601-638-0186.

First please see our FAQs.

To report leaks or other technical issues, please call Will Hubert at 601-218-4029.

Chris Libbey is responsible for plant maintenance. 601-218-9800.

How ELWD is operated

ELWD is governed by a local board of directors and directed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Mississippi State Board of Health, Mississippi State University Extension Service, and the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality.

Financial management is by <u>David Boolos Accounting</u>, Vicksburg, Mississippi. Our attorneys are the Law Offices of <u>Teller</u>, <u>Hassell</u>, <u>and Hopson</u>, LLP. We are insured by the Policy Center, Inc.

Day-to-day operations of our plant is by Will Hubert and Jaketa Platt. Engineering services are provided by Benchmark Engineering, Inc. Point of contact is J. B. Rushing.

Current Boil Water Advisories and Other Advisories



Keeping citizens informed.

Sign Up for Code Red Alerts

Web Design by Michael Logue (E-Power PR LLC)

Contact Our Webmaster

<u>Severe Weather Statements</u> <u>Watches & Warnings</u> National Weather Service

Jackson, Mississippi